



#### Tutorial on Small Cell/HetNet Deployment

#### Part 1: Evolutions towards small cell and HetNet

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#### Outline

- 1. An overview of the tutorial
- 2. Evolutions towards small cell/HetNet
- 3. Challenges of small cell/HetNet deployment
- 4. Some of our publications on small cell/HetNet deployment





#### 1. An overview of the tutorial

- **Part 1:** Evolutions towards small cell and HetNet
- Part 2: Interference in small cell and HetNet
- Part 3: SON for small cell and HetNet
- Part 4: Small cell backhaul
- Part 5: Tools for small cell and HetNet deployment





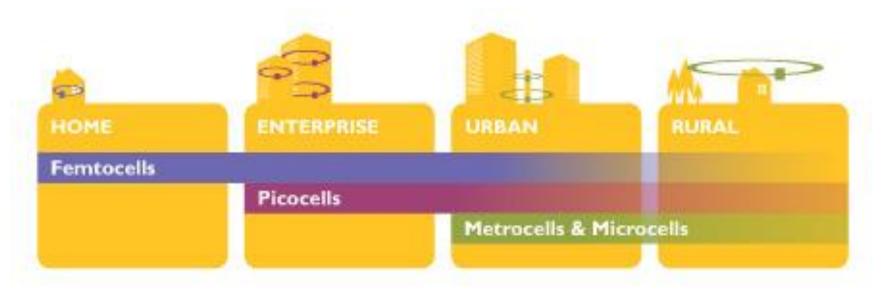
#### 2. Evolutions towards small cell/HetNet





#### What is a small cell?

- Small cells are low-power wireless access points that operate in licensed spectrum.
- Small cells provide improved cellular coverage, capacity and applications for homes and enterprises as well as metropolitan and rural public spaces.



Source: <u>www.smallcellforum.org</u>





#### What is a small cell?

- Types of small cells include femtocells, picocells, metrocells and microcells
  - broadly increasing in size from femtocells (the smallest) to microcells (the largest).
- Small-cell networks can also be realized by means of distributed radio technology consisting of centralised baseband units and remote radio heads.





#### What is HetNet?

- HetNet could mean a network comprising of different RATs (WiFi, GSM, UMTS/HSPA, LTE/LTE-A)
  - Multi-RATs from multi-vendors will co-exist in the next decades
- A HetNet also means a network consisting different access nodes such as macrocell, microcell, picocells, femtocells, RRHs (Remote Radio Heads), as well as relay stations.
  - Leads to two (multiple) tier/layer networks
- In this tutorial, we will focus on HetNet that comprises of different access nodes.





# Small cell & Macrocell coverage & transmission power

- Small cell
  - Coverage: Typically 10m to 200m cell radius within urban and in-building locations, up to 2km cell radius in rural areas.
  - Transmission power: 20 mW to 2W
- Macrocell:
  - Coverage: Typically cell radius is a few kilometres, up to 35 km
  - Transmission power: 20-40W





### Capacity, configuration of small cells

	Femtocell	Enterprise Femtocell	Picocell	Metrocell
Capacity	4-8 channels	16-32 channels	32-64 channels	32-64 channels
Configuration	Automatic	Automatic	Automatic or manual	Automatic or manual
Power Output	20mW	200mW	200mW - 2W	200mW - 2W
Handoff	Hard	Soft, hard	Soft, hard	Soft, hard
Location	Indoor	Indoor	Indoor/Outdoor	Outdoor

**Note:** Use UMTS/HSPA small cell as an example. Soft handover applies to CDMA based small cells.





#### Evolutions towards small cell & HetNet

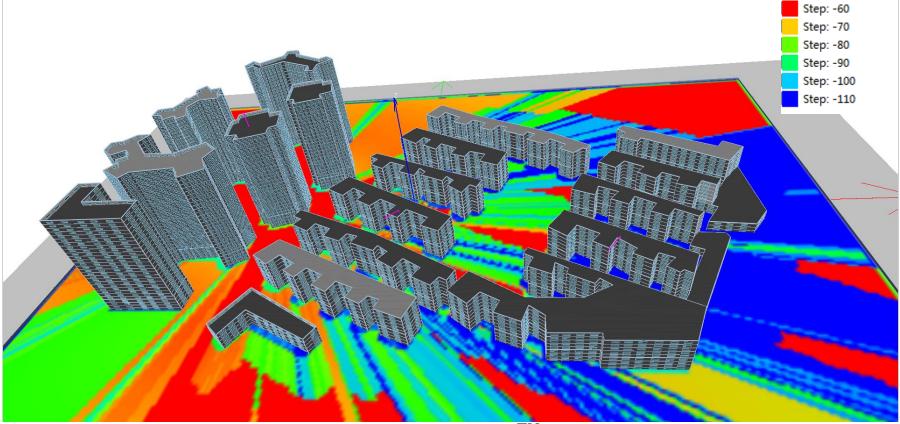
- Macrocell Driven Small Cell Solutions
  - Microcell
  - Microcell + RRH
  - Distributed Base Station
- Femtocell Driven Small Cell Solutions
  - Femtocell
  - Picocell
  - Metrocell





#### **Overview of a Dense Urban Scenario**

Macrocell only is not good enough (red: signal level, >-60 dBm; dark blue: signal level <-110 dBm)



Scenarios generated using *Ranplan-SmallCell<sup>™</sup> tools* 





### Macrocell Driven Small Cell Solutions

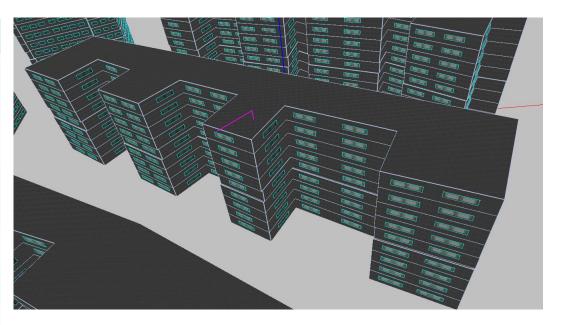
- Driven from Macrocell
- Motivations
  - Fill coverage holes where macrocell can not reach
  - Provide higher capacity density for dense urban area
  - Smaller footprint, lower energy consumption





#### Microcell

Parameters	Value
Output Pwr.	10 ~ 2000mW
Coverage	100 ~ 1000m
Support User	> 100
Scenario	Outdoor

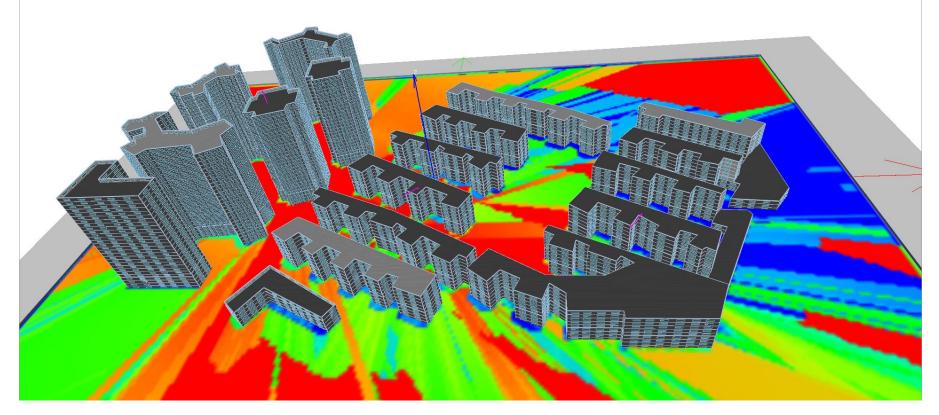






#### Macrocell + Microcell Solution

Deploy a microcell on a lower building in the middle will improve but still not good enough.



Scenarios generated using *Ranplan-SmallCell<sup>™</sup> tools* 



#### Microcell + RRH



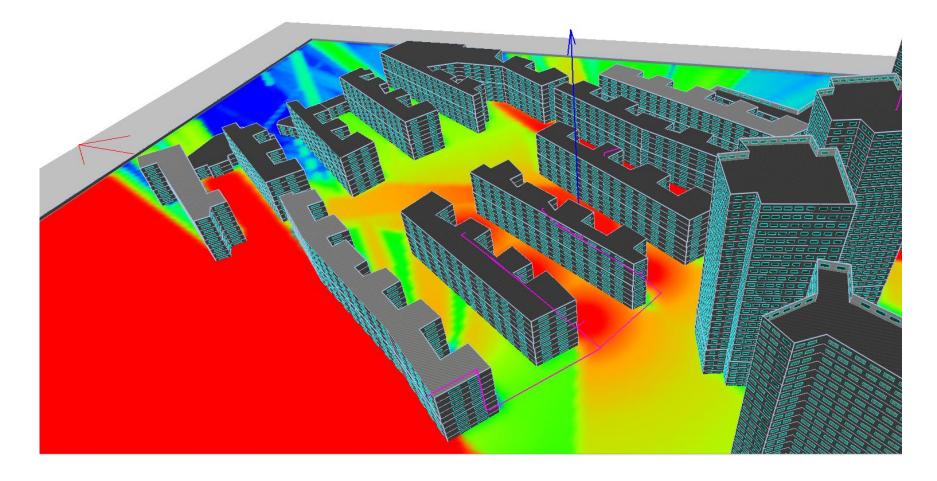
#### Further split the microcell into smaller cells using RRHs

Parameters	Value		
Output Pwr.	10 ~ 100mW	BS 40	
Coverage	50 ~ 100m		
Support User	> 100		5 **
Scenario	Outdoor Indoor		17 to Cell
			÷ **
			Cell





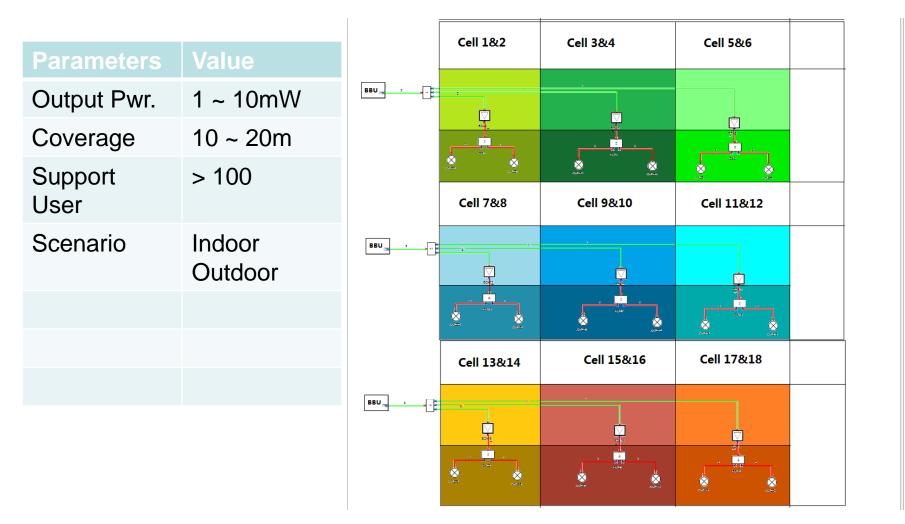
## Outdoor signals have been greatly improved. Some indoor coverage is OK, but not all.







#### **Distributed Base Station**

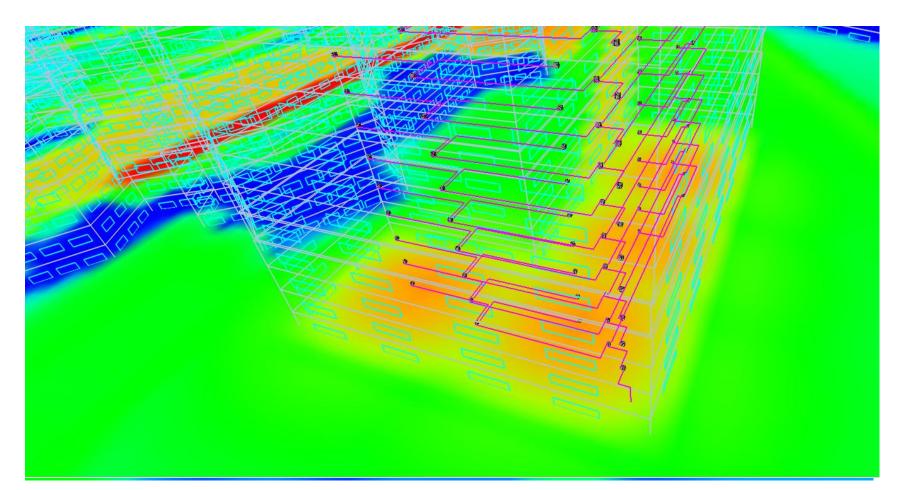




#### **Distributed Base Station**



• DBS/DAS can provide high capacity and distribute signal more evenly.







#### Femtocell Driven Small Cell Solutions

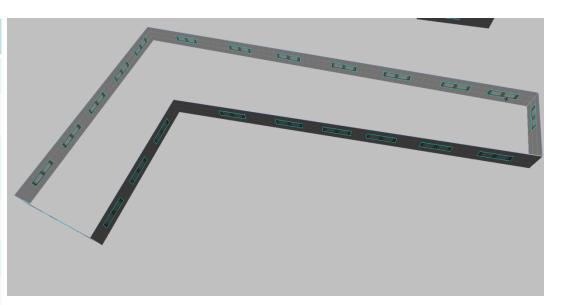
- Driven from Femtocell
- Motivations
  - Support more users or SME/Metro area
  - Provide larger coverage for wider area
  - Adapt to more scenarios other than residential





#### Femtocell

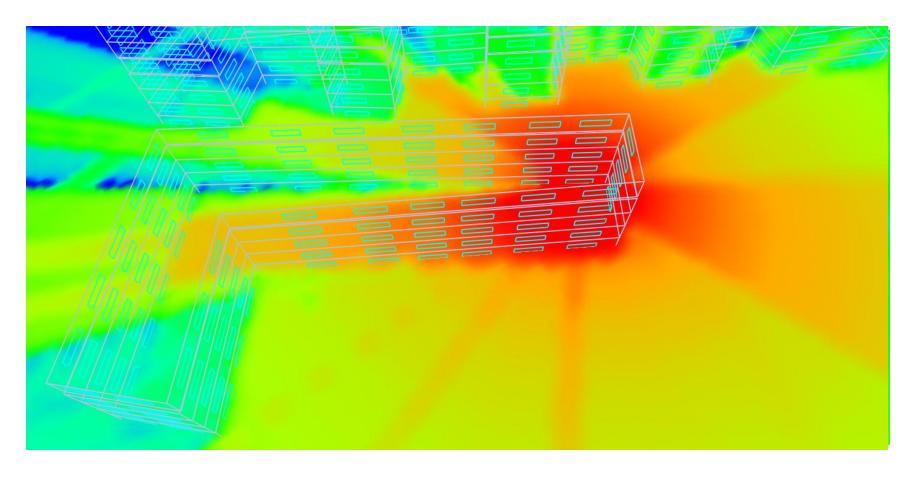
Parameters	Value
Output Pwr.	1 ~ 20mW
Coverage	10 ~ 20m
Support User	4 ~ 8
Scenario	Indoor







#### Femtocell



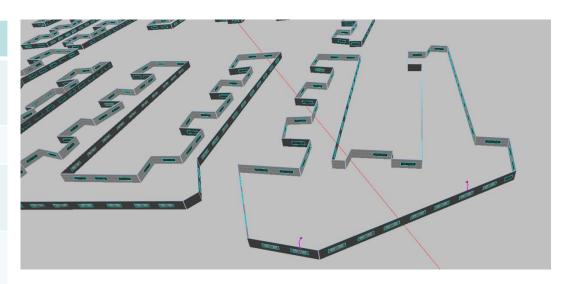
Scenarios generated using *Ranplan-SmallCell<sup>™</sup> tools* 





#### Picocell

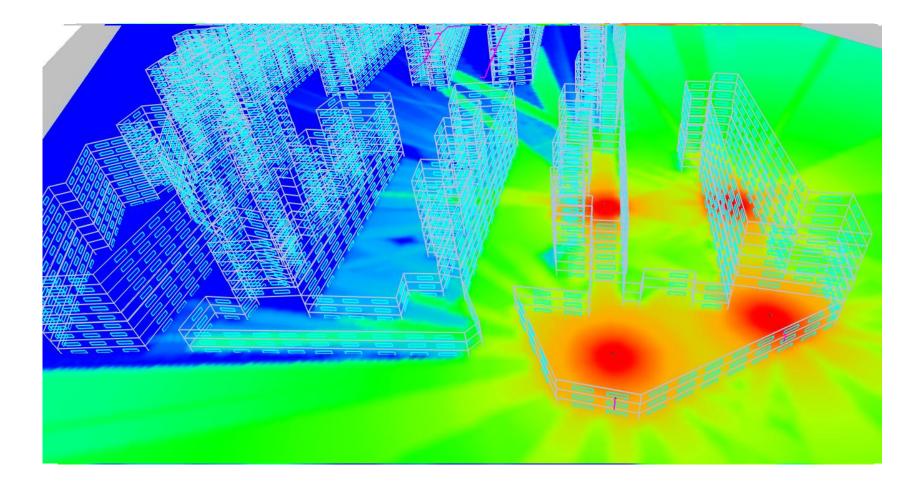
Parameters	Value
Output Pwr.	20 ~ 250 mW
Coverage	50 ~ 100m
Support User	16~32
Scenario	Indoor Outdoor





#### Picocell (indoor)



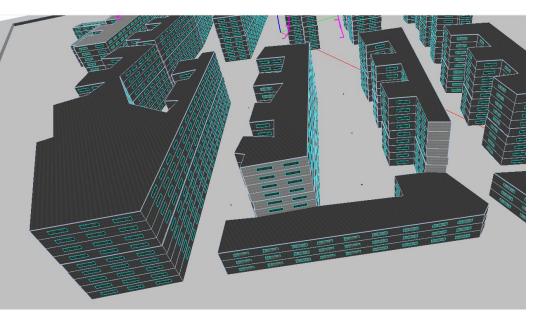




#### Metrocell (outdoor)



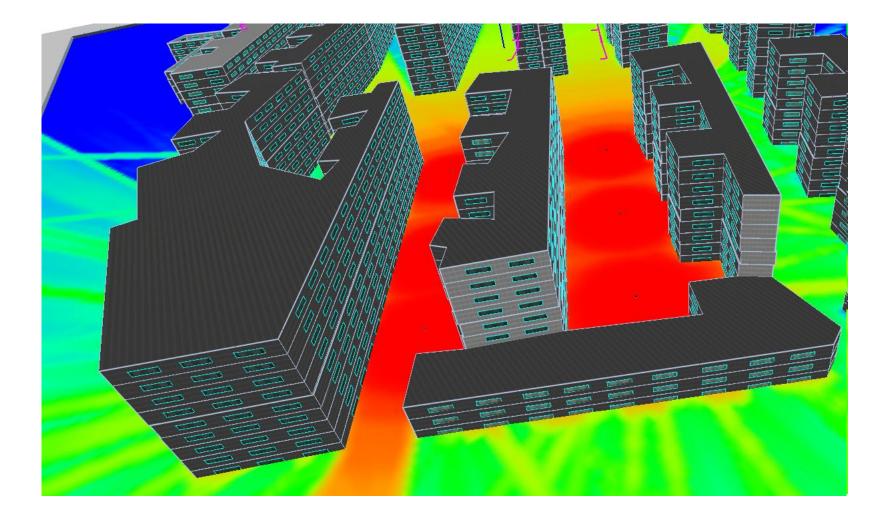
Parameters	Value
Output Pwr.	~ 250 mW
Coverage	Up to 2km
Support User	~ 32
Scenario	Outdoor





#### Metrocell (outdoor)

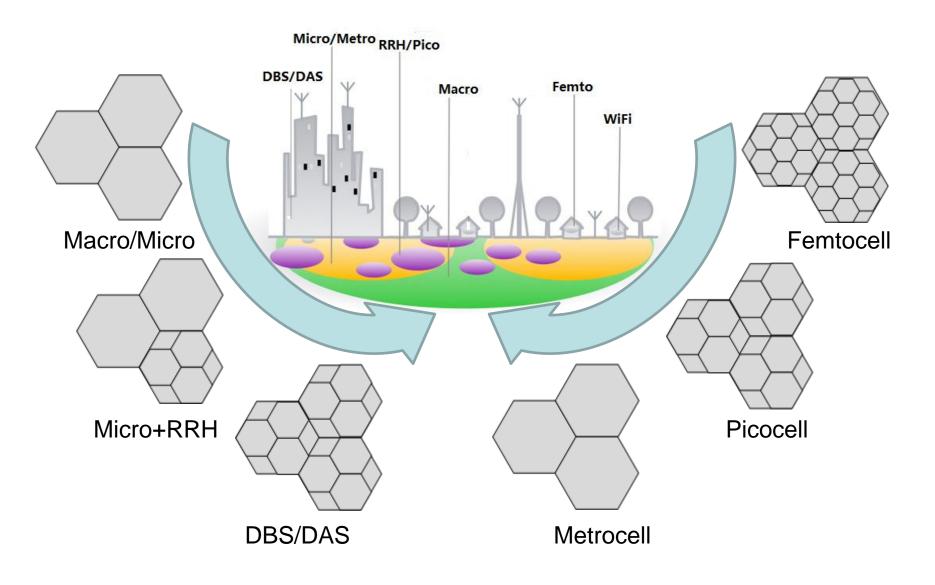






#### **Evolution to HetNets**









#### Small Cell Typical Deployment Scenarios

- Home
- Enterprise
- Hot spots (indoor and outdoor)
- Emergency
- Airplanes
- On the move (bus, taxi)





# 3. Technical challenges of small cell/HetNet deployment

- Interference
- Self-organization
- Mobility management, e.g., handover
- Access control methods
- Backhauling (4G: 1Gbps; B4G: >10Gbps)
- The first four challenges were identified in an EPSRCfunded femtocell project that we submitted in 2007. They are still valid today.

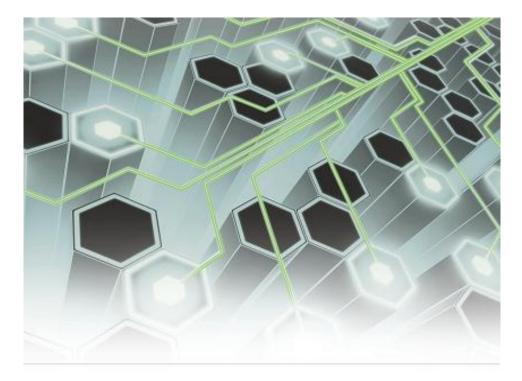




# 4. Some of our publications on Small Cell/HetNet deployment

#### Some of our early work on femtocells

- D. López Pérez, A. Valcarce, G. De La Roche, J. Zhang, "Access Methods to WiMAX Femtocells: A downlink system-level case study," in IEEE ICCS, November 2008.
- D. López-Pérez, G. De La Roche, A. Valcarce, A. Jüttner, J. Zhang, "Interference Avoidance and Dynamic Frequency Planning for WiMAX Femtocells Networks," IEEE ICCS, November 2008.
- D. Lopez, A. Valcarce, G. De La Roche and J. Zhang, "OFDMA femtocells: A roadmap on interference avoidance," *IEEE Communications Magazine*, vol. 47 (9), Sept. 2009. Currently the most widely cited among over 1000 femto papers). [>260 citations]
- G. De La Roche, A. Valcarce, D. López-Pérez and J. Zhang, "Access Control Mechanisms for Femtocells," *IEEE Communications Magazine*, vol. 48(1), Jan. 2010.
- All the above papers attracted a large number of citations
- ..... our other work (joint channel, power and MCS allocation, distributed approach, decoupling of DL and UL in HetNet, eICIC in HetNet)



#### Femtocells Technologies and Deployment

Jie Zhang | Guillaume de la Roche







#### New Book (Wiley, Q2 2013)

### Small Cells: Technologies and Deployment

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### Thank you for your attention!

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